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Funke K. AgI-type solid electrolytes. *Prog. Solid State Chem.* 11:345-402, 1976.

Current Comments®:

The 1985 Chemistry Articles Most Cited in 1985-1987: Quantum Mechanics, Superconductivity, and...Buckminster Fuller?!



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 53 J MAGN MAGN MATER.74 (3), OCT
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 163 J MULTIVARIATE ANAL.27 (1), OCT
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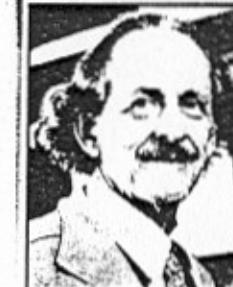
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Current Comments®

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The 1985 Chemistry Articles Most Cited
in 1985-1987: Quantum Mechanics,
Superconductivity, and...
Buckminster Fuller??

Number 48

November 28, 1988

This study of the 1985 chemistry articles most cited in 1985-1987 shows several trends based on ISI® research-front activity. Among these are intense interest in the reaction chemistry of transition-metal molecules, in carbon-hydrogen activation, and in breaking organic bonds through transition-metal reagents. Also evident is continued strong interest in organic superconductors and nuclear magnetic resonance imaging techniques. New applications of quantum mechanics and thermodynamics and the discovery of a long-chain carbon molecule named after the late, distinguished inventor R. Buckminster Fuller are also discussed.

As longtime readers of *Current Contents®* know, we regularly identify and discuss papers in chemistry, the physical sciences, and the life sciences that become highly cited shortly after publication; indeed, our most recent examination of such papers concerned the 1984 chemistry articles most cited from 1984 to 1986.¹

This essay discusses the 1985 chemistry articles most cited from 1985 through 1987. Chemistry, like the life and physical sciences, partakes of other, more-or-less related fields; thus, the selection process for each involves more than simply determining a suitable citation threshold for establishing which papers to include. For chemistry, however, the selection process is more extensive and complicated.

As in previous essays on highly cited chemistry articles, we used an in-house, unpublished subset of the *Science Citation Index®* (*SCI®*) known as the "Chemistry Citation Index" to try to limit the papers we included in the study to pure chemistry, but this is an exercise in futility, since modern chemistry is so multidisciplinary. Once a rough list was compiled, we made an effort to remove papers that might just as easily be placed among the highly cited papers in the "physical" or "life" sciences. Nevertheless, the multidisciplinary nature of

chemistry is still evident in the Bibliography; for example, the list includes 10 papers from the *Journal of Chemical Physics*.

The 100 papers in the Bibliography received an average of about 44 citations each—4 in 1985, 18 in 1986, and 22 in 1987. The most-cited paper in the study is an analysis of four major organic reactions that led to a method of predicting the outcome of certain types of reactions; published by Satoru Masamune and colleagues, Department of Chemistry, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, the paper received 112 citations—21 in 1985, 45 in 1986, and 46 in 1987. Using the CD-ROM version of the *SCI*,² we determined that this article has been cited an additional 28 times from January through June 1988. The 15 least-cited papers in the Bibliography received 32 citations each over the three-year study period—the threshold for inclusion in the essay. The median number of citations to papers in this study, however, is about 40.

Once the Bibliography is established, we always examine it in order to spot trends or unusual papers. In the 1985 list, we observed continued interest in organic superconductors, a new application of quantum mechanics, and a surprise: a substance named after the late, distinguished inventor R. Buckminster Fuller!³

While eponymy is by no means unusual in science, it generally involves an individual who has made landmark contributions to a field. (Although, according to a dictum of Stephen M. Stigler, Department of Statistics, University of Chicago, Illinois, "No scientific discovery is named after its original discoverer." Writing in *Transactions of the New York Academy of Sciences*, in a *festschrift* issue honoring sociologist Robert K. Merton, Columbia University, New York [I also had the pleasure of contributing to this issue], Stigler titled his own pronouncement, with a facetious lack of humility, "Stigler's law of eponymy".⁴ Stigler was mentioned in our 1983 essay on eponymy.⁵)

Table 3: National locations of the institutional affiliations listed by authors in the Bibliography, according to total appearances (column A). B = number of papers coauthored with researchers affiliated with institutions in other countries. C = national locations of institutions listed by coauthors.

Country	A	B	C
US	75	8	Belgium, China, FRG, France, Italy, Japan, USSR, Yugoslavia Czechoslovakia, Japan, US
FRG	8	3	Austria, Czechoslovakia, Japan, US
UK	5	0	
France	4	2	Belgium, US
Japan	4	2	China, FRG, US
Australia	2	1	The Netherlands
Belgium	2	2	France, US
Canada	2	0	
The Netherlands	2	1	Australia
USSR	2	1	US
Yugoslavia	2	2	US
Austria	1	1	FRG
China	1	1	Japan, US
Czechoslovakia	1	0	
Israel	1	1	US
FRG			

concerns superconductors that function at a much higher temperature than organic superconductors. Incidentally, the Bednorz and Müller paper is among the works included in the study of the 1986 physical-sciences papers most cited in 1986 and 1987, to be published early next year.

Another topic that appeared in our 1984 study and reappears in this one concerns complexes of molecular hydrogen. As noted by Roald Hoffmann, Department of Chemistry, Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, who won the Nobel Prize in chemistry in 1981, 13 hydrogen can bind either as a molecule or by splitting into two hydrides.¹⁴ The first kind of binding was unknown until 1984, when G.J. Kubas and colleagues, Los Alamos National Laboratory, New Mexico, became the first to characterize examples of isolable molecular hydrogen complexes.¹⁵ Among the papers in this study that follow up on the Kubas group's work (which appeared in the 1984 study¹) are studies by S.P. Church and colleagues, Max Planck Institute for Radiation Chemistry, Mülheim/Ruhr, Federal Republic of Germany (FRG); R.H. Morris and colleagues, University of Toronto, Ontario, Canada; H.J. Robota and colleagues, Institute for Physical Chemistry, University of Munich, FRG; and R.K. Upmack and colleagues, University of Nottingham, UK. This work is closely connected to the C-H activation work by Crabtree and others, mentioned earlier.

Incidentally, Hoffmann is one of two No-

superconductivity, for which the 1987 Nobel in physics was awarded,¹¹ was published in 1986 by Karl Alex Müller and Johannes Georg Bednorz, IBM Zurich Research Laboratory, Rischlikon, Switzerland,¹² and concerns superconductors that function at a much higher temperature than organic superconductors. Incidentally, the Bednorz and Müller paper is among the works included in the study of the 1986 physical-sciences papers most cited in 1986 and 1987, to be published early next year.

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Incidentally, Hoffmann is one of two No-

belists whose work appears in this study's Bibliography. Continuing his recent work on transition metals, Hoffmann coauthored a paper with Shen-Shu Sung, also of Cornell, on the bonding of carbon monoxide to various metal surfaces, including chromium, cobalt, iron, nickel, and titanium. Hoffmann also appears as coauthor of another paper on transition metals, by Kazuyuki Tatsumi, Osaka University, Japan, and colleagues. Also in the Bibliography is a paper by 1987

Author #1, a measure of numbers per paper for use in 1985 chemistry articles most cited in the SCOPUS, 1985-1987.

Number of Authors per Paper Number of Papers per Paper

12	2
8	1
7	4
6	4
5	8
4	18
3	12
2	35
1	16

deal with the use of NMR in the study of peptides, small proteins, and other complex organic molecules. Bax is also a coauthor on two other papers in this year's list; his colleague Donald G. Davis, also of NADDKD, NIH, is coauthor on three papers. As will be seen, other groups of authors also have several papers in the Bibliography, accounting for the fact that, although there are 265 unique authors in this year's list, there are 318 author occurrences. A full breakdown of the number of authors per paper is given in Table 2; there are 13 authors with three papers on the list, 24 with two, and 227 with one paper each.

Five papers in the study discuss superconductivity, an area that has become a "hot" topic (you should pardon the expression) recently in the field of the physical sciences as various laboratories have raced to see which would be the first to discover substances with virtually no resistance to electricity at temperatures substantially higher than near-absolute zero, the previous limit of the phenomenon. One of these, by V.N. Laukhin and colleagues, Institute of Chemical Physics, Academy of Sciences of the USSR, Moscow, is the third most-cited paper in the study. Cited a total of 92 times from 1985 through 1987, it was cited 14 times through the first six months of this year.

Keep in mind, however, that the application of superconductivity discussed by these authors is distinct from that being pursued by physicists. Chemists are concerned with a class of organic superconductors known as bis(ethylenedithio)tetraphiafulvalene, abbreviated BEDT-TTF; the breakthrough in

particular of Chemistry, University of Texas, Austin, report the latest results in their development of a quantum mechanical molecular model for use in the study of chemical reactions and reaction mechanisms. The paper, as the authors point out, represents the 76th part in their long series of articles, and was cited 3 times in 1985, 25 times in 1986, and 57 times in 1987, making it the fourth most-cited paper in the Bibliography; furthermore, it was cited an astounding 69 times through the first six months of this year, indicating intense and mounting interest in this topic. Dewar also had three papers^{7,9} in the 1984 study,¹ one coauthored by colleague Adriana B. Pierini.

A review by Reed M. Izatt, Department of Chemistry, Brigham Young University, Provo, Utah, and colleagues discusses the interrelationships between heat and other energy forms (such as kinetics, or motion) in reactions between anions and cations with macrocyclic polyethers and polyamines. Unpublished in 1985, it received 34 citations in 1986 and 42 in 1987; it was also cited 29 times in the first half of 1988.

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance and Superconductivity

As noted in our 1984 study,¹ 1983's list was dominated by articles on nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR),¹⁰ an imaging technique that enables chemists to make use of the motion of atoms in the study of molecular structures. NMR techniques faded somewhat from the limelight in the 1984 study, but resurface in this year's study. In fact, by far the largest research front in Table 1 concerns NMR: "NMR spectroscopy, two-dimensional NMR spectra, distance geometry, H-1 spin systems, and water suppression" (#87-1356) consists of 723 current papers that cited 52 core documents.

Among the documents that are core to this front are two papers by Ad Bax and colleagues, Laboratory of Chemical Physics, National Institute of Arthritis, Diabetes, and Digestive and Kidney Diseases (NADDKD), National Institutes of Health (NIH), Bethesda, Maryland; they

Journal that appears in our annual study for the first time.

All of the papers listed were published in English, although the Lauthin paper was originally published in Russian and translated into English; the number of citations to the Russian and English versions was virtually identical. In addition, four papers published in *Angewandte Chemie—International Edition in English* also appeared in the German edition. The *Angewandte Chemie* tendency to publish in English is marked throughout the scientific community, as our studies in chemistry and the life and physical sciences continue to show.

This study also shows that the interest in organic superconductors that we noted in our 1984 study continues unabated. However, a few differences from our last study are worth remarking on. Although two research fronts in the 1984 study dealt specifically with Diels-Alder reactions, none of this year's most active fronts seemingly addressed this topic. On the other hand, oxidation and oxidative coupling were prominent in this year's study but, strictly speaking, largely absent from last year's. In reality, of course, the absence of research fronts on a subject in one study or another does not mean that papers on the topic do not continue to be published. Indeed, were you to look at the counts for these papers for 1988, you would see that they received substantial citations—often in excess of this year's (1985) most-cited papers.

The flurry of activity in superconductivity and how molecules bind to one another that was evident in our 1984 study presaged the Nobel Prizes awarded in physics and chemistry in 1987. Although predictions are dangerous, it is possible that the kernel of a future Nobel Prize is to be found in this year's list. However, that generalization has been true ever since we started this exercise over a decade ago.

* * * * *

My thanks to Stephen A. Bonaduce and Luisa De Gruzman for their help in the preparation of this essay.

Conclusion

Some of the trends evident in this study have remained steady over the years. For instance, the *Journal of the American Chemical Society*, as it has in all five of our previous studies, published the most papers; it accounted for 21 percent of the works listed (see Table 4 for statistics on all 34 journals represented this year). Incidentally, *Langmuir* is a new American Chemical Society

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The 1985 chemistry articles most cited in the *SCI[®]*, 1985-1987. Articles are listed in alphabetic order by first author. Numbers following the bibliographic entry indicate the 1985, 1986, and 1987 SCI/SSCI research-front specialties for which these are core papers. A = number of 1985 citations. B = number of 1986 citations. C = number of 1987 citations. D = total number of 1985-1987 citations.

Bibliographic Data

A	B	C	D
5	19	16	40
0	13	35	48
3	16	13	32
6	19	11	36
5	7	23	35
7	23	23	53
0	12	21	33

Ahrlrichs R, Bohm H-J, Ehrhardt C, Schärf P, Schiffer H, Lisicka H & Schindler M. Implementation of an electronic structure program system on the CYBER 205. *J. Comput. Chem.* 6:209-8, 1985. 87-0342.

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Armstrong D W, DeMonde W, Alink A, Hinze W L, Riehl T E & Bul K H. Liquid chromatographic separation of diastereomers and structural isomers on cycloextrin-bonded phases. *Anal. Chem.* 57:234-7, 1985. 86-1133

Bax A & Davis D G. MLEV-17-based two-dimensional homonuclear magnetization transfer spectroscopy. *J. Magn. Resonance* 65:355-50, 1985. 87-1356

Bax A & Davis D G. Practical aspects of two-dimensional transverse NOE spectroscopy. *J. Magn. Resonance* 63:207-13, 1985. 87-1356

Bax A & Dobry R G. Optimization of two-dimensional homonuclear relayed coherence transfer NMR spectroscopy. *J. Magn. Resonance* 61:306-20, 1985. 87-1356

Beckwith A L J & Schiesser C H. Regio- and stereo-selectivity of alkanyl radical ring closure: a theoretical study. *Tetrahedron* 41:3925-41, 1985. 87-1396

Bibliographic Data

A	B	C	D	A	B	C	D		
0	20	13	33	Bergman R G, Seldler P F & Wenzel T T. Inter- and intramolecular oxidative addition of phosphine, methane, alkane, and alkene C-H bonds to rhenium. <i>J. Amer. Chem. Soc.</i> 107:4358-9, 1985. 87-234	2	20	12	34	Garron P E. Transition-metal-mediated phosphorus-carbon bond cleavage and its relevance to homogeneous catalyst deactivation. <i>Chem. Rev.</i> 85:171-85, 1985. 86-5355
0	6	34	40	Bredas J L & Street G B. Polarons, bipolarons, and solitons in conducting polymers. <i>Accad. Chem. Res.</i> 18:309-15, 1985.	4	14	18	36	Genies E M, Syed A A & Tsiantis C. Electrochemical study of polyaniline in aqueous organic medium. Redox and kinetic properties. <i>Mol. Cryst. Liquid Cryst.</i> 121:181-6, 1985. 87-3442
2	15	22	39	Buckingham A D & Fowler P W. A model for the geometries of Van der Waals complexes. <i>Can. J. Chem.</i> 63:2018-25, 1985.	3	12	27	42	Gennett T, Milner S D & Weaver M J. Role of solvent reorganization dynamics in electron-transfer processes. Theory-experiment comparisons for electrochemical and homogeneous electron exchange involving metallocene redox couples. <i>J. Phys. Chem.</i> 89:2787-94, 1985. 87-3659
8	15	17	40	Chandrasekhar J, Smith S F & Jorgensen W L. Theoretical examination of the $S_{\text{N}}2$ reaction involving chloride ion and methyl chloride in the gas phase and aqueous solution. <i>J. Amer. Chem. Soc.</i> 107:154-63, 1985.	15	26	26	67	Geusic M E, Morse M D & Smalley R E. Hydrogen chemisorption on transition metal clusters. <i>J. Chem. Phys.</i> 82:590-1, 1985. 86-2748
4	17	17	38	Church S P, Grevels F-W, Hermann H & Schaffner K. Flash photolysis of $\text{Cr}(\text{CO})_6$ in H_2 -saturated cyclohexane solution: i.r. spectroscopic evidence for a $\text{Cr}(\text{CO})_3(\text{H}_2)$ complex at room temperature. <i>J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Commun.</i> 1:30-3, 1985.	1	14	21	36	Giese B. Syntheses with radicals—C-C bond formation via organodinit and organomercury compounds. <i>Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.</i> 24:553-65, 1985. 87-1896
7	13	20	40	Clary D C. Calculations of rate constants for ion-molecule reactions using a combined capture and centrifugal sudden approximation. <i>Mol. Phys.</i> 54:605-18, 1985.	4	13	15	32	Gilbert J A, Eggleston D S, Murphy W R, Gesellwitz D A, Gersten S W, Hodson D J & Meyer T J. Structure and redox properties of the water-oxidation catalyst $[\text{O}_2(\text{Py})_4\text{Ru}(\text{OH}_2)\text{Opy}]^{4+}$. <i>J. Amer. Chem. Soc.</i> 107:3855-64, 1985. 86-3664.
0	32	52	84	Crabtree R H. The organometallic chemistry of allanes. <i>Chem. Rev.</i> 85:245-69, 1985.	7	18	12	37	Gruen D W R. A model for the chains in amphiphilic aggregates. I. Comparison with a molecular dynamics simulation of a bilayer. <i>J. Phys. Chem.</i> 89:146-53, 1985.
5	23	28	56	Collman J P, Braunstein J J, Meunier B, Hayashi T, Kodadek T & Raybuck S A. Epoxidation of olefins by cyclohexone p-450 model compounds: kinetics and stereochemistry of oxygen atom transfer and origin of shape selectivity. <i>J. Amer. Chem. Soc.</i> 107:2000-5, 1985. 86-2452, 87-1686	2	21	17	40	Halpern J. Activation of carbon-hydrogen bonds by metal complexes: mechanistic, kinetic and thermodynamic considerations. <i>Inorg. Chem.</i> Acta 100:41-8, 1985.
4	16	17	37	Crabtree R H & Lavin M. C-H and H-H bond activation: dissociative vs. nondissociative binding to iridium. <i>J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Commun.</i> (12):794-5, 1985.	7	10	22	39	Hay P J & Wadt W R. <i>Ab initio</i> effective core potentials for molecular calculations. Potentials for K to Au including the outermost core orbitals. <i>J. Chem. Phys.</i> 82:270-83, 1985. 82-299-310, 1985. 87-1603
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